

P-Ch 40V Fast Switching MOSFETs

- ★ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- ★ Green Device Available
- ★ Super Low Gate Charge
- ★ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- ★ Advanced high cell density Trench

technology

Product Summary

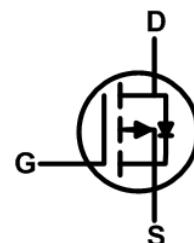
BVDSS	RDS(ON)	ID
-40V	40mΩ	-7.5A

Description

The KSCS4113 is the high cell density trenched P-ch MOSFETs, which provide excellent RDS(ON) and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The KSCS4113 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

SOP8 Pin Configuration



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	-40	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $-V_{GS} @ -10V^1$	-7.5	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $-V_{GS} @ -10V^1$	-5.7	A
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ²	-15	A
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³	36	mJ
I_{AS}	Avalanche Current	-27.2	A
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation ⁴	3.1	W
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	---	85	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	---	40	°C/W

P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-40	---	---	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	BV_{DSS} Temperature Coefficient	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=-1\text{mA}$	---	-0.012	---	$\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$, $I_D=-6\text{A}$	---	---	40	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=-3\text{A}$	---	---	70	
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=V_{\text{DS}}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.0	---	-2.5	V
$\Delta V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$ Temperature Coefficient		---	4.32	---	$\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=-32\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	---	---	1	uA
		$V_{\text{DS}}=-32\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=55^{\circ}\text{C}$	---	---	5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$, $V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	---	---	± 100	nA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-5\text{V}$, $I_D=-6\text{A}$	---	12	---	S
R_g	Gate Resistance	$V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	---	13	---	Ω
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (-4.5V)	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=-6\text{A}$	---	9	---	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		---	2.54	---	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		---	3.1	---	
$T_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{\text{DD}}=-15\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$, $R_g=3.3\Omega$, $I_D=-1\text{A}$	---	19.2	---	ns
T_r	Rise Time		---	12.8	---	
$T_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		---	48.6	---	
T_f	Fall Time		---	4.6	---	
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-15\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	---	1004	---	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		---	108	---	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		---	80	---	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_s	Continuous Source Current ^{1,5}	$V_G=V_D=0\text{V}$, Force Current	---	---	-7.5	A
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ^{2,5}		---	---	-15	A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ²	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$, $I_s=-1\text{A}$, $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	---	---	-1	V

Note :

1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.

2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

3.The EAS data shows Max. rating . The test condition is $V_{\text{DD}}=-25\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$, $L=0.1\text{mH}$, $I_{\text{AS}}=-27.2\text{A}$

4.The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature

5.The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

P-Channel Typical Characteristics

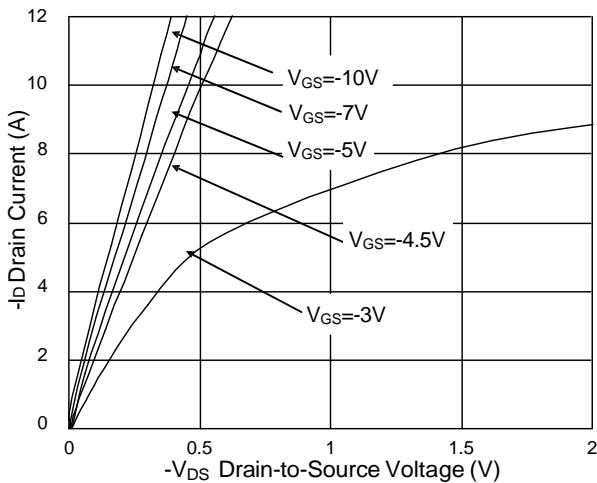


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

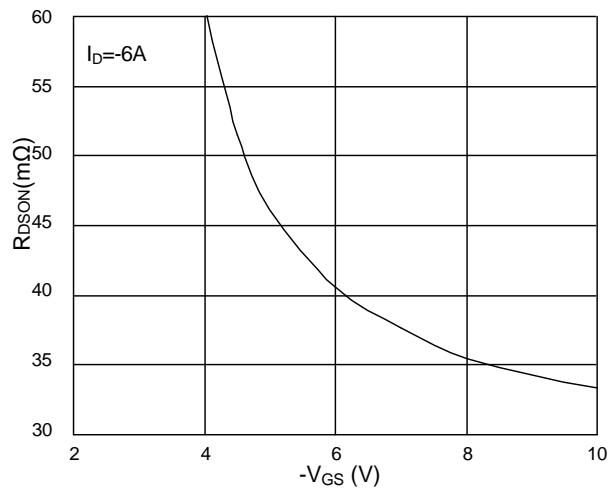


Fig.2 On-Resistance v.s Gate-Source

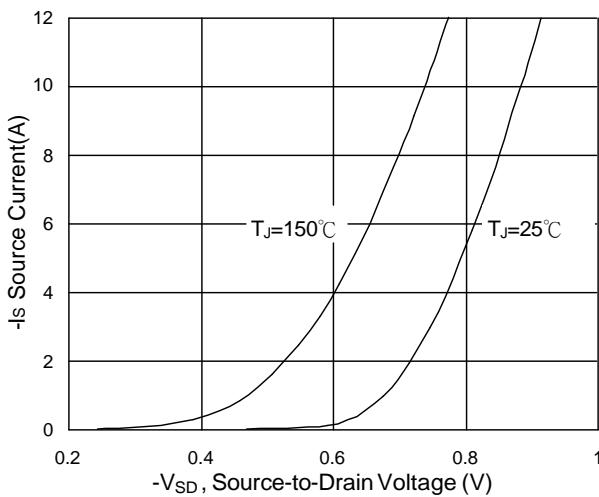


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse

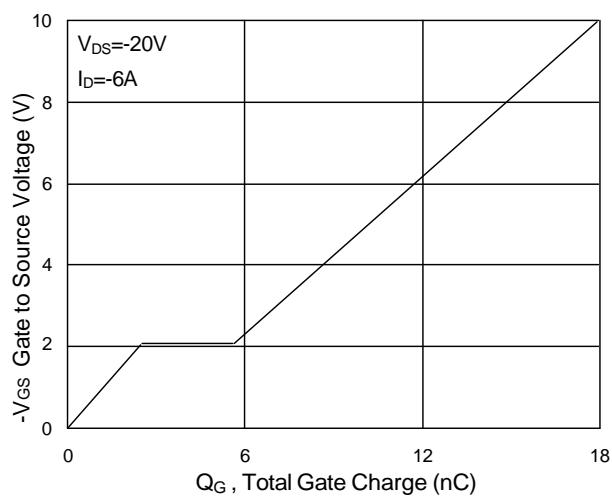


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

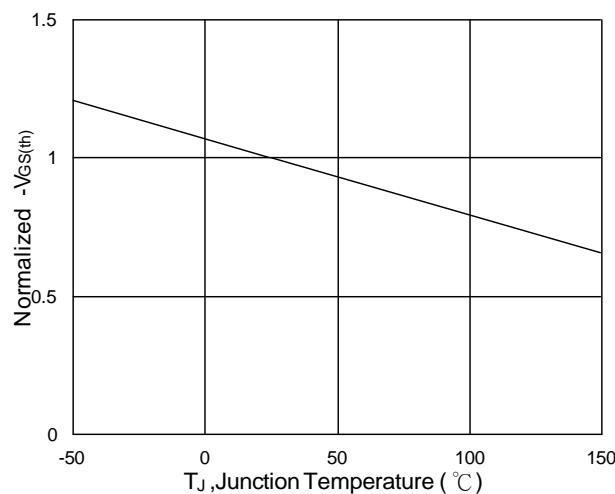


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ v.s T_J

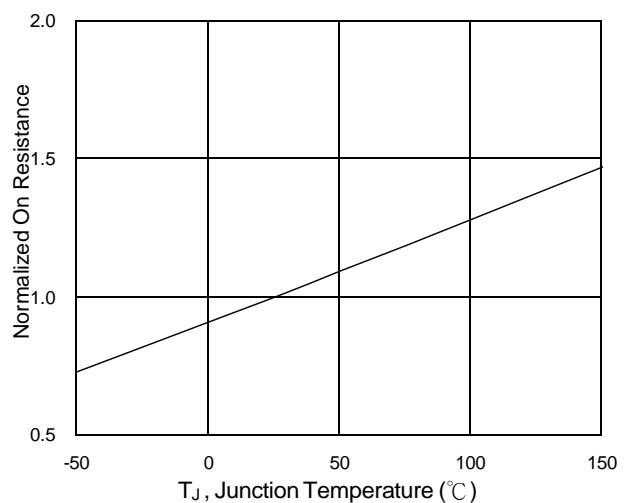


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ v.s T_J

